#### COMPOSITE GOLF CLUB HEAD

| 3 1. Field | of the | Invention |
|------------|--------|-----------|
|------------|--------|-----------|

The present invention is related to a golf club, and more particular to a golf club head which includes a strike plate made of light-weight alloy with high strength and a cover made of a fiber prepreg material (pre-impregnated material) assembled together.

## 2. Description of Related Art

Conventional golf club heads generally have two types of structure and manufacturing methods. The first type of golf club head, made up of a metal material, is integrally formed, or is composed of multiple forged members welded together. The other type of golf club head, made up of composite materials, is composed of a molded body including a strike plate, a neck and a bottom plate, and a fiber upper cover assembled on the body.

However, the conventional golf club heads have some shortcomings, such as being time-consuming to manufacture, difficult to balance the gravity center, and having small sweet spots.

Therefore, the invention provides a composite golf club head to mitigate and/or obviate the aforementioned problems.

# SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The main objective of the present invention is to provide a composite golf club head which has an increased sweet spot area on a strike plate and is easy to manufacture.

Other objectives, advantages and novel features of the invention will

- become more apparent from the following detailed description when taken in
- 2 conjunction with the accompanying drawings.

### 3 BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

- 4 Fig. 1 is a front view of a golf club head in accordance with the
- 5 invention;
- Fig. 2 is an exploded side view of the golf club head in Fig. 1;
- Fig. 3 is a side sectional view of the golf club head in a status that a cover
- 8 has not been assembled;
- 9 Fig. 4 is a side view sectional of the golf club head in the assembling
- 10 process; and
- Fig. 5 is a side view sectional of the assembled golf club head.

### 12 DETAILED DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENT

- 13 Referring to Figs. 1-3, the golf club head in accordance with the
- invention has a strike plate (10) and a neck (11) formed at an end of the strike
- plate (10). A rear portion (12) is formed at an upper side of the strike plate (10)
- and extends backwards. The strike plate (10) can be integrally formed with the
- 17 neck (11) and the rear portion (12). Alternatively, the strike plate (10) also can be
- made as a sandwich structure being composed of a titanium plate, a titanium
- 19 fiber prepreg material and a carbon fiber prepreg material adhered together, and
- 20 then the strike plate (10) is embedded between the neck (11) and the rear portion
- 21 (12).
- An inner plate (21), made up of multiple layers of fiber prepreg material,
- is adhered on an interior surface of the strike plate (10) by a first of two adhesive
- sheets (34). A cover (22), also made up of multiple layers of fiber prepreg

- 1 material, is adhered to the back of the rear portion (12) by the second adhesive
- 2 sheet (34) to form a back housing (20) at the rear side of the strike plate (10). The
- 3 fiber prepreg material can be carbon fiber, glass fiber, Kevlar™ fiber, boron fiber,
- 4 titanium fiber, copper fiber, aluminum fiber, etc. impregnated with resin
- 5 previously.
- A bottom plate (30), made up of a metal material, is adhered to a bottom
- 7 portion of the strike plate (10) and the cover (22) by the adhesive sheets (34) to
- 8 close the head. A seat (31) is formed inside the bottom plate (30) and a hole (32)
- 9 is defined through the seat (31).
- 10 Referring to Figs. 4-5, during the manufacturing process, an air cell (40)
- is received in the golf head through the hole (32) and has a nozzle (not numbered)
- provided outside the golf head. Then, the golf head is positioned in a hot-press
- molding device (50) for heating and pressing the golf head. At the same time, air
- is pumped into the air cell (40) through the nozzle and the adhesive sheets (34)
- are pressed to tightly abut the inside wall of the golf head. Thus, there is no gap at
- joints between the strike plate (10), the back housing (20), and the bottom plate
- 17 (30).
- 18 Afterwards, the air cell (40) is removed through the hole (32) from the
- 19 golf head, and a balance member (33) can be engaged in the hole (32) to adjust a
- 20 center of gravity of the golf head.
- Therefore, because the strike plate (10) is made up of a light-weight
- 22 alloy, an area of the strike plate (10) can be increased moderately to enlarge the
- 23 sweet spot. Furthermore, the fiber prepreg material is easy to be molded and can
- be securely attached to the interior surface of the strike plate (10). Further still, it

- 1 is also simple to balance the gravity center, so that it is convenient to
- 2 manufacture the golf head, and a user can easily handle the golf head.
- It is to be understood, however, that even though numerous
- 4 characteristics and advantages of the present invention have been set forth in the
- 5 foregoing description, together with details of the structure and function of the
- 6 invention, the disclosure is illustrative only, and changes may be made in detail,
- 7 especially in matters of shape, size, and arrangement of parts within the
- 8 principles of the invention to the full extent indicated by the broad general
- 9 meaning of the terms in which the appended claims are expressed.